

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

**This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:**

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (original): A separation method of an adherend,  
which is a method of separating an adherend stuck by using an adhesive, and comprises the steps of: air-tightly sealing the adherend together with a fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure in a pressure resistant container, making the inside of the pressure resistant container in a high pressure state, and releasing the pressure of the inside of the pressure resistant container.
2. (original): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 1,  
wherein the fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure is at least one substance selected from the group consisting of air, carbon dioxide, nitrogen, oxygen, methane, ethane, propane, and butane.
3. (currently amended): The separation method of an adherend according to claim ~~1 or 2~~,  
wherein the fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure contains at least carbon dioxide.

4. (currently amended): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 1, ~~2 or 3~~,

wherein water is further sealed in the pressure resistant container in the step of air-tightly sealing the adherend together with a fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure in the pressure resistant container.

5. (currently amended): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 1, ~~2, 3 or 4~~,

wherein a release agent is further sealed in the step of air-tightly sealing the adherend together with a fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure in the pressure resistant container.

6. (currently amended): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 1, ~~2, 3, 4 or 5~~,

wherein the inside of the pressure resistant container is adjusted to be 0.5 MPa or higher in the step of making the inside of the pressure resistant container in a high pressure state.

7. (currently amended): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 1, ~~2, 3, 4, 5 or 6~~,

wherein the inside of the pressure resistant container is adjusted to be 5 MPa or higher in the step of making the inside of the pressure resistant container in a high pressure state.

8. (currently amended): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 1, ~~2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7,~~

wherein at least one kind of fluids being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure in the inside of the pressure resistant container is adjusted to be in supercritical state or subcritical state in the step of making the inside of the pressure resistant container in a high pressure state.

9. (currently amended): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 1, ~~2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8,~~

wherein the inside of the pressure resistant container is adjusted to be a temperature higher than a temperature 20°C lower than a glass transition temperature of a resin composing the adhesive in the step of making the inside of the pressure resistant container in a high pressure state.

10. (currently amended): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 1, ~~2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9,~~

wherein the pressure is steeply released in the step of releasing the pressure of the inside of the pressure resistant container.

11. (original): A method of recovering an electronic part from an electronic part laminate,

which is a method of recovering an electronic part from an electronic part laminate stuck by an adhesive, and comprises the steps of: air-tightly sealing the electronic part laminate together with a fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure in a pressure resistant container; making the inside of the pressure resistant container in a high pressure state; and releasing the pressure of the inside of the pressure resistant container.

12. (original): A method for separating a laminate glass,

which is a method for separating a laminate glass obtained by sticking a plurality of glass sheets with an adhesive or an interlayer film for the laminate glass into glass sheets and either the adhesive or an interlayer film for laminate glass, and comprises the steps of: air-tightly sealing the laminate glass together with a fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure in a pressure resistant container; making the inside of the pressure resistant container in a high pressure state; and releasing the pressure of the inside of the pressure resistant container.

13. (original): A recovery method of indium-doped tin oxide fine particles from a laminate glass,

which comprises the step of: firing an interlayer film for laminate glass recovered by the separation method of laminate glass according to claim 12.

14. (new) The separation method of an adherend according to claim 2,  
wherein the fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure  
contains at least carbon dioxide.

15. (new): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 2,  
wherein water is further sealed in the pressure resistant container in the step of  
air-tightly sealing the adherend together with a fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and  
normal pressure in the pressure resistant container.

16. (new): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 3,  
wherein water is further sealed in the pressure resistant container in the step of  
air-tightly sealing the adherend together with a fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and  
normal pressure in the pressure resistant container.

17. (new): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 2,  
wherein a release agent is further sealed in the step of air-tightly sealing the  
adherend together with a fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure in the  
pressure resistant container.

18. (new): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 3,  
wherein a release agent is further sealed in the step of air-tightly sealing the

adherend together with a fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure in the pressure resistant container.

19. (new): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 4,  
wherein a release agent is further sealed in the step of air-tightly sealing the adherend together with a fluid being a gas at a normal temperature and normal pressure in the pressure resistant container.

20. (new): The separation method of an adherend according to claim 2,  
wherein the inside of the pressure resistant container is adjusted to be 0.5 MPa or higher in the step of making the inside of the pressure resistant container in a high pressure state.